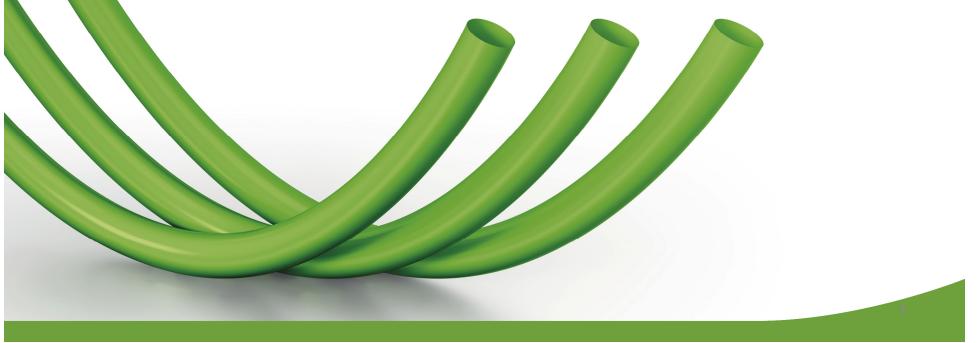
New flexibility resources: the role of hybrid pumped hydropower 14th May 2021



New rules for assets and novel regulation services to increase the Italian power system flexibility

Silvia Canevese, Antonio Gatti



Need for flexibility in the Italian power system

- 个 generation from Non-Programmable Renewable Energy Sources (NP-RES), mainly PV and onshore wind
- **↑** need for ancillary services to guarantee, e.g., balancing (**↑** costs for the Transmission System Operator - TSO)
- \downarrow programmable regulating plants in service (\downarrow operating reserve margin)

- need for new ancillary services, with enhanced performance requirements
 - e.g., "fast" frequency response, synthetic inertia, fast ramping...
- need for new flexible resources for ancillary service supply
 - Italian Energy Authority* Consultation doc. 298/2016, towards an opening of the Ancillary Service Market (ASM) to...
- also in view of a European energy integration

* Autorità per l'Energia Elettrica il Gas e il Sistema Idrico (AEEGSI), now Autorità di Regolazione per Energia Reti e Ambiente (ARERA)

Ancillary services in Italy: current status

Ancillary Services (AS)			
secondary reserve	tertiary reserve (15-minute reserve and	Compulsory services	
	replacement reserve)	primary reserve for	
congestion relief in the	balancing	voltage regulation	
ASM scheduling stage	bulancing	secondary reserve for voltage regulation	
Services for eme	rgency conditions	primary reserve for	
remote tripping	black start	frequency control (with optional remuneration)	
load rejection	load interruption		

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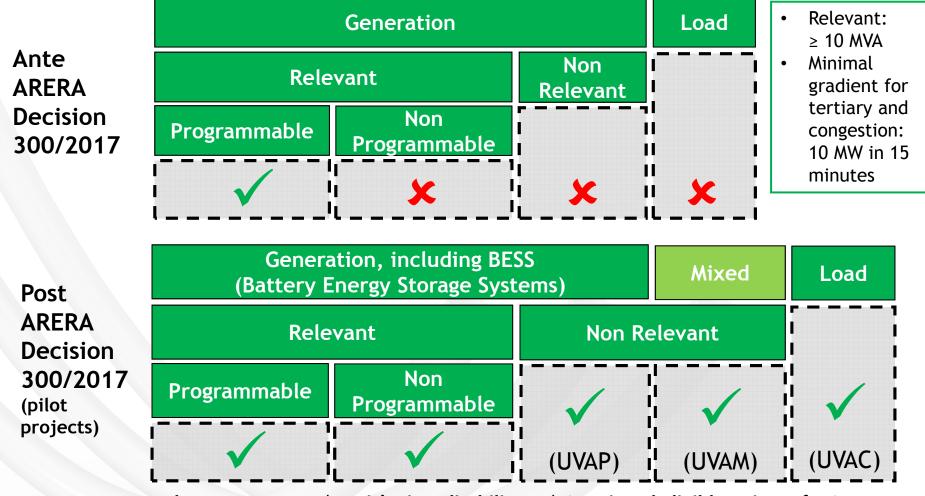
Ancillary Service Market («Mercato per il Servizio di Dispacciamento» - MSD):

- after Day-Ahead Market (DAM) and intra-day market
- two stages:
 - scheduling stage (ex-ante ASM), to relieve congestions and procure reserve margins
 - real-time stage (ex-post ASM or Balancing Market BM), to balance injection/absorption (activation of procured reserve margins, also to relieve congestions)

remuneration: pay-as-bid and energy only

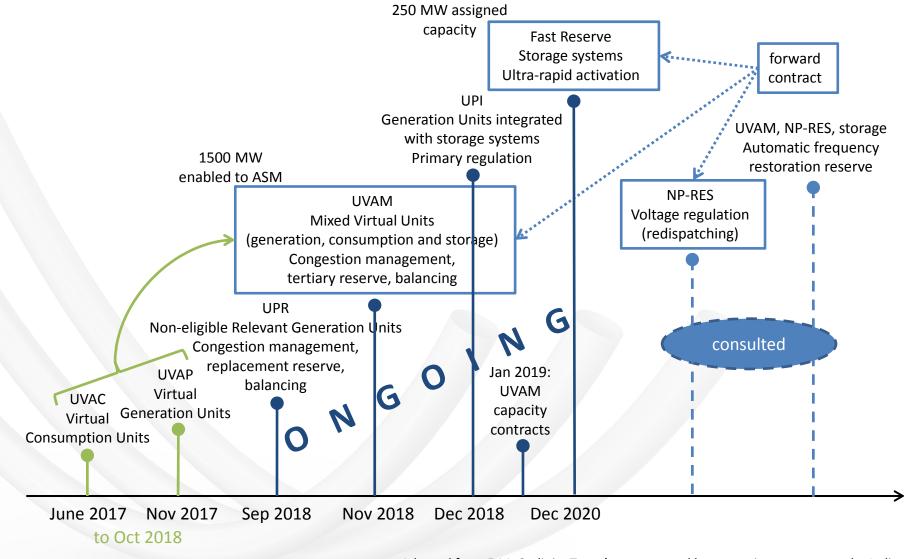
(price per manoeuvre for plant start-ups and configuration changes)

ASM eligibility: current versus new requirements



- Aggregated resources: UVA («Unità Virtuali Abilitate»), i.e. virtual eligible units, referring to
 - geographical perimeters (based on TSO's evaluation of network constraints)
 - typologies of resources

Decision N. 300/2017: projects/resources and timeline



Ricerca sul Sistema Energetico - RSE S.p.A. Section PE

Adapted from E.M. Carlini, «Terna's strategy and best practices to operate the Italian power system with high share of RES», Industrial distinguished lecture and 2020 Italy Section PE Chapter Award, 30 April 2021

UVAM project: specifications

Project	Assets	Min. power	Services	Mode: be able to	Remuneration
UVAM	 Points of withdrawal with no PUs Small-scale PUs Larger PUs not subject to mandatory ASM participation Storage systems: stand-alone or combined with PUs 	1 MW	 UPW and/or DWW congestion management tertiary spinning reserve tertiary replacement reserve balancing 	 supply UPW and/or DWW flexibility ≥ 1 MW within 15 minutes of Terna request (120 minutes for replacement reserve) keep it for ≥ 120 minutes (480 minutes for replacement reserve) 	 Activation: energy quantity accepted on ASM/penalties Availability

PU = Production Unit

UPW/DWW = upward/downward

Remuneration of quantity accepted on ASM/penalties + availability

«standard» pay-as-bid new: availability price for remuneration for energy capacity (power) in defined periods

- commit to present bids in a prescribed time interval, Mon to Fri, for N consecutive hours
- descending-price auction mechanism
- pay-as-bid allocation
- fixed remuneration paid for by Terna for each day in which the bid obligations are observed
- strike price on bids
- two procurement areas: A = North and Centre-North, B = Centre-South, South, Sicily and Sardinia

Calabria,

UVAM project: latest rules

Decision n. 70/2021 (23 Feb 2021): changes to previous specifications, procurement procedure and contract agreement:

- definition of an annual auction and monthly auctions with dedicated needed amounts
- definition of 2 availability time slots and introduction of 3 products (to better represent the system need for resources, which is mostly concentrated in the evening), one in the afternoon and two in the evening with (auction) price cap = 30 k€/MW/yr and (bid) strike price = 400-200 €/MWh

Auction timing	Product target	Strike price	Max quantity – Area A	Max quantity – Area B	
annual	afternoon	200 €/MWh	112 MW	28 MW	
annual	evening	400 €/MWh	224 MW	56 MW	
annual	evening	200 €/MWh	224 MW	56 MW	
intra-annual products		Annual product quantity not met or q		met or quantity left by BSPs (*)	
monthly	afternoon	200 €/MWh		Set by Terna according to system needs	
monthly	evening	400 €/MWh	Set by Terna according to system needs		
monthly	evening	200 €/MWh	system needs	system needs	

(*) possibility for Balance Service Providers to reduce commitment (and consequently pro quota the amount due) during the year, to take into account events which may compromise contractual performance

- the total quantity keeps 1000 MW
- afternoon/evening products: commit to UPW balancing bids for at least N = 2 consecutive hours in 15.00-18.00/18.00-22.00 for each day Mon-Fri
- fixed daily remuneration for each product: (auction output/days)*(num of consecutive hours/4)
- unannounced reliability tests, to check the UVAM effective operation and reliability Ricerca sul Sistema Energetico - RSE S.p.A.

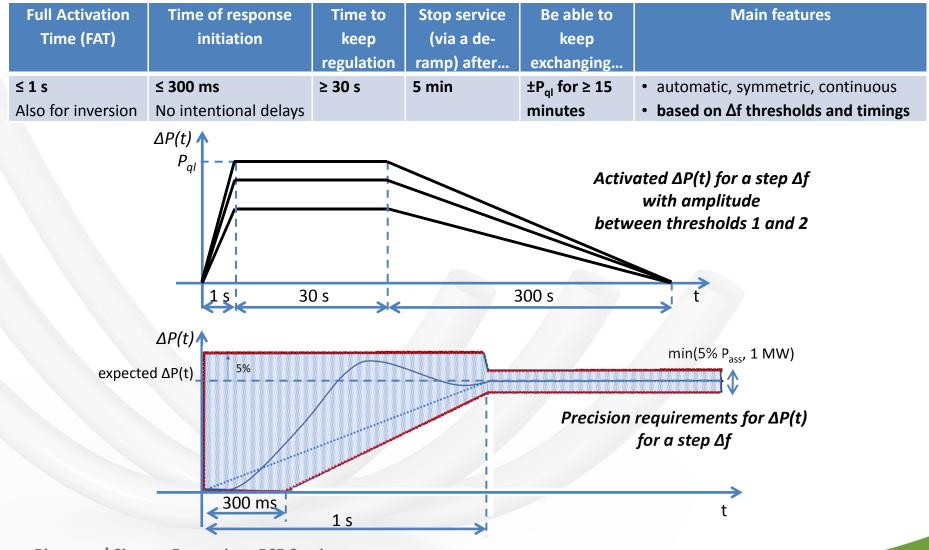
Fast Reserve project: specifications

- Decision n. 200/2020
- Aim: contribute to improving dynamic response in the first instants during frequency transients
- Service distinct from, but coordinated with primary frequency regulation

Assets in a Fast Reserve Unit (FRU)	Qualified power P _{ql}	Service	Requirements on energy	Remuneration
 Non-interruptible load units stand-alone PUs PUs with non-auxiliary load(s) and/or with storage systems (behind the meter PUs) storage systems: stand-alone, with PUs and/or with load units (behind the meter storage) single or aggregated in the same market zone 	5 MW ≤ P _{ql} ≤ 25 MW > same for P _{ass} (normally, assigned power P _{ass} = qualified power P _{ql})	 Symmetric service! UPW and DWW flexibility in response to measured Δf, according to Δf-ΔP characteristic power setpoint signal sent by Terna algebraic sum of the two contributions no power oscillations 	 1000 h/yr availability of ±P_{ql} (so of ±P_{ass},), also in the presence of other services be able to keep exchanging at least ±P_{ql} for ≥ 15 minutes energy management logics, for devices with limited energy 	Remuneration of energy exchanged/ penalties + availability payment (power)
120 100 80 60 100100 118.2 101.7 20 20 30 30 30 2 Quantity to be Awarded	(North zones) ■ «Conti (Centra and Sid 27.279 23.418 Weighted average price [k€/MW/yr]	nente Centro Nord» and Centre-North market nente Centro Sud» e-South, South, Calabria cily) egna» (Sardinia)	5-yr contracts (1 Jan 2023 lescending-price auction price cap = 80 k€/MW/yr 0 Dec 2020: first auction 3 operators, 17 FRUs, 327.3 MW overall P _{q1}	n starting from

Fast Reserve project: response to measured Δf

• ΔP in response to frequency error $\Delta f := f_{measured} - 50 \text{ Hz}$



Secondary regulation project: preliminary specifications

• Aim: test reliability, and impacts on the power system, of secondary frequency regulation (power/frequency regulation - aFRR) by resources other than those compulsorily enabled, so with different technical characteristics

	Assets	 Relevant PUs fed with P-RES or NP-RES composed of storage systems UVAM with requested technical features and with at least 1/4 h-ly validated measured data
	Service features	 Secondary frequency regulation, i.e. power/frequency regulation, also asymmetric: UPW and/or DWW different Half-Bands (HBs) 1 MW half-band(s) at least 11 The total procured half-bands will be symmetric 11 In each hour, max 60% of the total procured UPW/DWW quantity can come from limited energy units or UVAM without limited energy points
	Bids	 Bids = quantity (MW) and price (€/MWh) symmetric bid: 1 UPW bid and 1 DWW bid, with = quantity asymmetric bid: 1 UPW bid and 1 DWN bid, with ≠ quantity 1 UPW or 1 DWN bid
	Mode	 Real-time regulation according to centralized level signal and accepted HB(s)
F	Remuneration	 Pay-as-bid remuneration of exchanged energy Penalties for energy not exchanged/imbalances

Conclusion

- Need for new flexibility services and for more/new suppliers in the ancillary service market
 - small/distributed generators
 - renewables
 - loads
 - storage
- Activation + availability remuneration should attract participation
 - beneficial for return on investment
- Secondary frequency regulation is considered as a refined service, currently carried out almost exclusively by thermal units and hydro reservoir units
 - good if UVAMs and fast reserve units can participate
- Faster services, e.g. fast reserve:
 - to increase "prompt" support to power system stability
 - interest in battery storage, also coupled with other technologies

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Thank you for your attention!

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