New flexibility resources: the role of hybrid pumped hydropower 14th May 2021







14 May 2021 Toward renewable energy integration into the power system: the Italian research initiatives

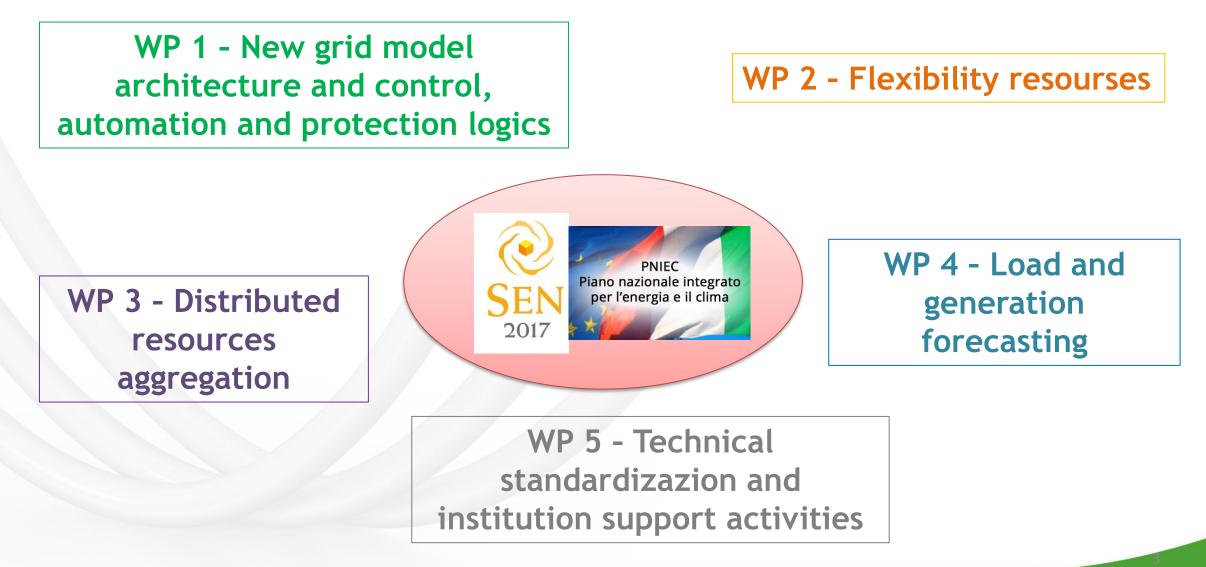
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- Project 2.2 Architecture, operating and regulatory system models for electric grid to allow the integration of renewable and not programmable energy, storage system, energy community and aggregators
 - Structure
 - Aim and scope
- Distribution Grid
 - Main actors for flexibility
 - Aggregators and microgrids
- Generation and load forecasting
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- Project's Benefits

Project 2.2 - Architecture, operating and regulatory system models for electric grid to allow the integration of renewable and not programmable energy, storage system, energy community and aggregators

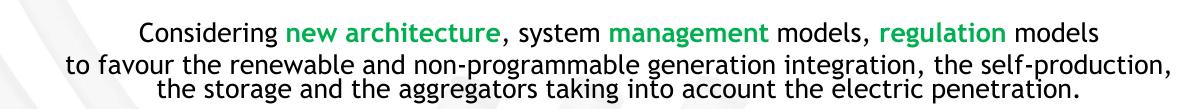




Project's aim



The project's aim is to develop methodologies, studies, software tools, prototypes and demonstrators to optimize electrical transmission and distribution grids.



The project:

- > addresses the planned issues by ensuring a system approach
- supports institutions and technical standardization at national and international level
- Accelerate the development, testing and availability of the technologies needed for the energy transition.

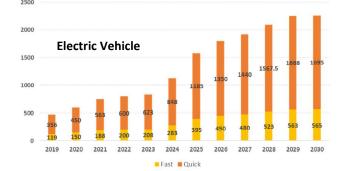
Distribution grid

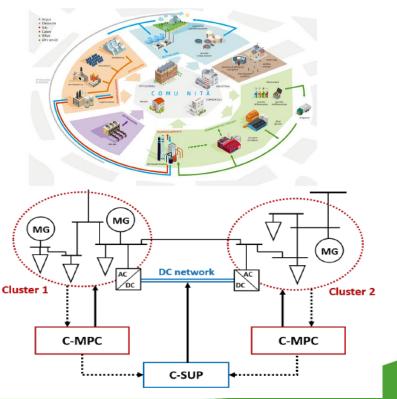
Starting from the scenarios foreseen by the last edition of the National Energy Strategy (SEN) and in order to achieve the objectives proposed by the Integrated National Plan for Energy and Climate (PNIEC), the project activities will allow:

- to evaluate planning alternatives
- to validate operation strategies of the grids during steady state and in case of fault
- to improve the observability, monitoring and analysis of the stability and Power Quality level

Mixed distribution grid in Alternative Current (AC) and Direct Current (DC), networks organized in microgrids, clusters or aggregates will also be considered.







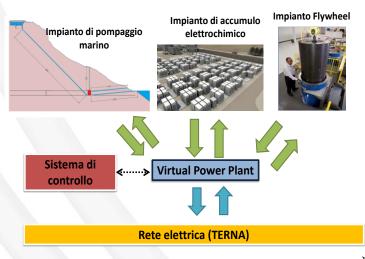
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Main actors for flexibility



Distributed resources, Non-programmable renewable sources, Combined cycle thermoelectric plants, Hydroelectric pumping systems, Electrochemical storage systems, Active users

Virtual Power Plant





to develop network flexibility services

to analyze the adequacy for frequency regulation

to participate in the balancing market and dispatching services (MSD)

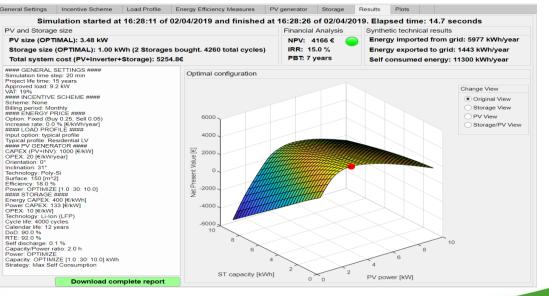
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Energy Management Systems (EMS's) for virtual aggregations of DERs/MicroGrids. A real-time control-optimization algorithm able to follow unforeseen imbalances.

Energetico TSO Cost AGS $(\Gamma^{mg\,\uparrow}, J^{mg\,\uparrow})$ $(\Gamma^{mg\downarrow}, I^{mg\downarrow})$ (rmg,min, Img,min) deltaP MG ... MG

PV size (OPTIMAL): 3.48 kW Total system cost (PV+Inverter+Storage): 5254.8€ #### GENERAL SETTINGS #### Simulation time step: 20 min Project life time: 15 years Approved load: 9.2 kW VAT: 19% Software DOPA (Dimensionamento Ottimo PV e Accumulo) to #### INCENTIVE SCHEME #### Scheme: None compute the optimal sizing of PV generators and Billing period: Monthly Billing period: Monthly ##### ENERGY PRICE #### Option: Fixed (Buy 0.25, Sell 0.05) Increase rate: 0.0 % [€/kWh/year] #### LOAD PROFILE #### maximize Input option: typical profile Typical profile: Residential LV #### PV GENERATOR #### systems so as to the CAPEX (PV+INV): 1000 [€/kW] OPEX: 20 [€/kW/year] Orientation: 0° Inclination: 31° corresponding return on investment. Technology: Poly-Si Surface: 150 [m^2] Efficiency: 18.0 % Power: OPTIMIZE [1.0 :30: 10.0] #### STORAGE #### Energy CAPEX: 400 [€/kWh] Power CAPEX: 133 [€/kW] OPEX: 10 [€/kW]

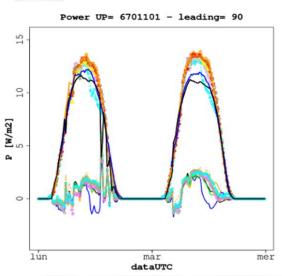
storage



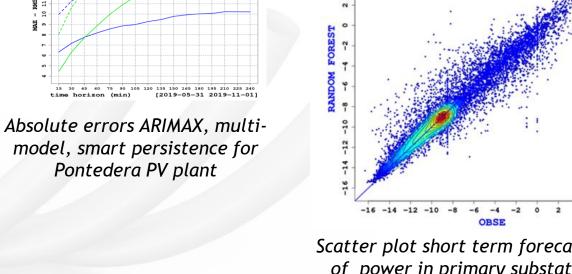


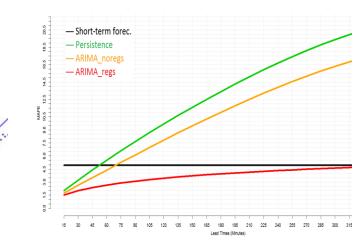
To guarantee the networks operation in these contexts, new **generation and load forecasting techniques** will be developed to define and develop the energy management systems of the networks in the various configurations.

per orizzonte di prevision



Very short-term generation forecasts for single plant





Error very short term forecasting of loads

Scatter plot short term forecasting of power in primary substation



The project involves participation in initiatives to accelerate the innovation of the national electro-energy system and to provide ideas for future research, the definition of strategic plans and implementation of R&I at national and international level (EERA, ISGAN, Mission Innovation, CEM) and in technical standardization activities (CEI, CENELEC, IEC).



Project's partners



The project activities will be carried out in collaboration with **national accademias**, national and international **research centers**, **EU projects**, **DSO and TSO** in order to guarantee the results dissemination and application to maximize the benefits for the electricity system and users.



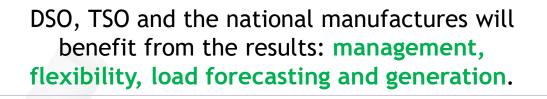
Projects' benefit

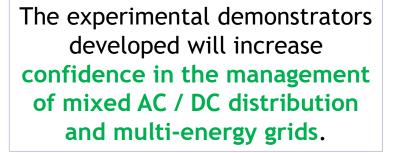


The results of the network studies will make it possible to estimate the **impacts in terms of greater investments** on the distribution networks for the achievement of the PNIEC objectives and to evaluate the **possible contribution from local flexibility services**.

In the field of electrical measurements, the results will allow the Standardization activities to implement new regulatory schemes, with reference to both energy and Power Quality measurements.

The experimental characterization of the different solutions developed, tools, controls and demonstrators, will allow to favor the integration of renewable and non-programmable generation, self-production and aggregators.











Ministero degli Affari Esteri e della Cooperazione Internazionale







The methodology developed for the planning of distribution networks in accordance with the PNIEC scenario and considering different architectures and the results obtained from its application in realistic case studies allow to evaluate, also from an economic point of view, the expected interventions to enable the decarbonisation of the electricity system. They will allow the selection of investments considering both the energy and service markets.

The users could have better perfomances from the grid in terms of **Power Quality and flexibility.**

Active users will be able to benefit from the revenues deriving from the flexibility services.

Thanks to the studies and validation of the logic for the development of the MSD at local level, users will be able to benefit from a **possible reduction in the costs associated with the energy vectors** (for example a possible reduction of dispatching charges).

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Thank you!

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